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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/620,010	07/15/2003	Eric Thompson	TH04US	8604	
27410	7590 09/22/2004		EXAMINER		
J. MICHAEL NEARY 542 SW 298TH STREET			MARSH, STEVEN M		
	WAY, WA 98023		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3632	3632	
			DATE MAILED: 09/22/2004	DATE MAILED: 09/22/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
,	10/620,010	THOMPSON, ERIC				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Steven M Marsh	3632				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Ju	<u>ly 2004</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
	S) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E.	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) 1-10 and 12-18 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
•	Claim(s) 1-10 and 12-18 is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
of the state of th	cicolori requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
Copies of the certified copies of the priori	ity documents have been receive	d in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

This is the second office action for U.S. Application 10/620,010 for a Toolless Locking Mount filed by Eric Thompson on July 15, 2003. Claim 11 has been canceled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, and 4-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ruiz in view of U.S. Patent 3,049,323 to Peterka. Ruiz discloses a mounting mechanism-with-a-base that has a face (3, the front of 10, and at 9) with surfaces that can engage two non-parallel outside surfaces of an object. There is a top (5) pivotally mounted on the base to rotate over the base and lie on a plane orthogonal to the surfaces to engage the upper surface of the object. The top locks into an open position over the face where it swings clear of an angled recess and a closed position over the face where it swings over the recess, and the inwardly opened angled portion has inwardly facing surfaces.

The base could be of a lower profile than the object and the top is secured to the base against separation therefrom, whereby the top remains connected to the base in normal operation. There is also a clamping mechanism (9) to establish firm contact between the base and object whereby the pressure of the mechanism is adjusted by

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tightening a clamping device (tightening the spring results in greater pressure). Ruiz does not disclose four uprights, nor does it disclose faces with two intersecting vertical planes for engaging the outside corners of the object. Peterka discloses corner supports for an object with the supports having an angled recess (20a) on upright surfaces, facing a space for the object, defined by two intersecting vertical planes for engaging corners of the object to prevent lateral movement of the object.

Ruiz discloses that the glass held by the supports may be circular, but the particular shape is a matter of design preference and it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have utilized a square or rectangular piece of glass. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have utilized upright faces with intersecting vertical surfaces as the face for the base taught by Ruiz, as taught by Peterka et al., for the purpose of providing a more secure means for holding a piece of glass. It also would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have utilized four mounts, rather than three, as a matter of design preference, dependent on the shape of the object to be supported.

Claims 3 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ruiz in view of Peterka, and in further view of Stiicheli. Ruiz in view of Peterka does not disclose a detent for releasably holding the top cap in an open or closed position. Stiicheli discloses a joint with a support portion (20) and a top portion that rotates with respect to the support portion. The top portion has detent means (26 and 27) for engaging recesses of the support portion to lock the top portion into place. It would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have provided a detent means in the top portion taught by Ruiz in view of Peterka, and an aperture in the support (or mounting) portion, as taught by Stiicheli, for the purpose of providing a means for locking the top into a closed position.

Claims 12-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ruiz. Ruiz discloses the method of securing an article to a supporting surface by inserting the article into the space between the mounts, which are attached to a supporting surface. The upstanding bases have angled recesses and the article is inserted between the mounts, rotating the top cap on each mount from an open position to a closed position over the article, to capture the article between the top cap and the supporting surface to prevent vertical movement of the article away from the supporting surface. To remove the article the top cap is rotated from the closed position to an open. position to clear the angled portion and allow lifting of the article. A spring is compressed when pivoting the top cap to allow the cap to rotate to the open position to allow the article to be lifted out for quick removal. Ruiz discloses the use of three mounts, rather than four, but discloses that a plurality can be used. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have utilized four mounts, rather than three, as a matter of design preference, dependent on the shape of the object to be supported.

Claims 12, 15, 16, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Peterka. Peterka discloses a method of releasably securing an article to a supporting surface comprising the steps of inserting the article into a space

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between four mounts; rotating a top cap on each of the mounts; moving the surfaces of the base into contact with the object by moving the inwardly divergent surfaces against the object, whereby a screw is tightened in the base (7). Peterka discloses the use of three mounts, rather than four, but discloses that a plurality can be used. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have utilized four mounts, rather than three, as a matter of design preference, dependent on the shape of the object to be supported.

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Peterka, in view of U.S. Patent 5,438,868 to Holden et al. Peterka does not disclose polyurethane on the inward surfaces to improve the grip on the article. Holden et al. discloses an inwardly facing recess with polyurethane grips (248) on opposing arms for gripping an article. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have provided polyurethane grips on the surfaces taught by Peterka, as taught by Holden et al., for the purpose of improving the grip of the surfaces on the article.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-10 and 12-18 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven Marsh whose telephone number is (703) 305-0098. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00AM to 4:30 PM. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2168. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-3597.

Steven Marsh

September 17, 2004

LESLIE A. BRAUN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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